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# **Are you Still Afraid of Using Arrays? Let's Explore their Advantages**

Khudov Vladyslav, Experis Clinical  
Kharkiv, Ukraine

Paper CT07

# Agenda

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- Array Basics
- Implementation
  - ✓ Array Technique to Apply LOCF
  - ✓ Applying Arrays to Find the Date of the Last Dose Prior to Event
- Comparison of Methods
- Conclusion

# Array Basics

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## Array Statement

```
ARRAY array-name {subscript} <$> <length> <_temporary_>  
        <array-elements> <(initial-value-list)>;
```

### ARRAY Statement Key Points:

- Array should be either character or numeric;
- ARRAY statement is a compile time statement;
- An asterisk cannot be used as a subscript for the temporary or multidimensional array;
- The `_TEMPORARY_` keyword and list of variables are mutually exclusive;
- Values of a temporary array are automatically retained;

## Array Reference Statement

```
array-name {subscript};
```

# Array Technique to Apply LOCF

SYS\_BP\_LOCF data set:

SUBJECT	VISIT1	VISIT2	VISIT3	VISIT4
1	87	87	87	123
2	156	156	156	123
3	112	112	112	112
4		70	70	70

```
data sys_bp_locf;  
  set sys_bp;  
  array visits{*} visit: ;  
  do i=1 to dim(visits)-1;  
    if visits{i+1} eq . then visits{i+1}=visits{i};  
  end;  
run;
```

# Finding the Date of the Last Dose Prior to Event



Partial AE data set:

SUBJID	AESQ	AETERM	AESTDTN
1	1	AETERM1	09NOV2015:08:20:59
1	2	AETERM2	13NOV2015:08:12:59
1	3	AETERM2	19NOV2015:06:00:59
1	4	AETERM3	07DEC2015:14:18:59

Partial EX data set:

EXENDTN	EXSTDN	EXSEQ	SUBJID
09NOV2015:08:00:00	09NOV2015:08:00:00	1	1
11NOV2015:08:01:00	11NOV2015:08:01:00	2	1
.	.	3	1
16NOV2015:08:02:00	16NOV2015:08:02:00	4	1
18NOV2015:08:10:00	18NOV2015:08:10:00	5	1
01DEC2015:08:11:00	01DEC2015:08:11:00	6	1
02DEC2015:08:03:00	02DEC2015:08:03:00	7	1

# Finding the Date of the Last Dose Prior to Event

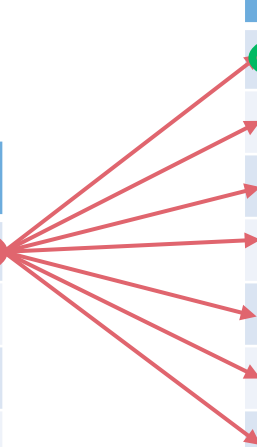


Partial EX data set:

EXENDTN	EXSTDN	EXSEQ	SUBJID
09NOV2015:08:00:00	09NOV2015:08:00:00	1	1
11NOV2015:08:01:00	11NOV2015:08:01:00	2	1
.	.	3	1
16NOV2015:08:02:00	16NOV2015:08:02:00	4	1
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1	4	AETERM3	07DEC2015:14:18:59



Partial result LAST\_DOSE data set:

SUBJID	AESEQ	AETERM	AESTDTN	AEMDTN	EXSEQ
1	1	AETERM1	09NOV2015:08:20:59	09NOV2015:08:00:00	1

# Finding the Date of the Last Dose Prior to Event



Partial EX data set:

EXENDTN	EXSTDN	EXSEQ	SUBJID
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11NOV2015:08:01:00	11NOV2015:08:01:00	2	1
.	.	3	1
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Partial result LAST\_DOSE data set:

SUBJID	AESEQ	AETERM	AESTDTN	AEMDTN	EXSEQ
1	1	AETERM1	09NOV2015:08:20:59	09NOV2015:08:00:00	1
1	2	AETERM2	13NOV2015:08:12:59	11NOV2015:08:01:00	2

# Finding the Date of the Last Dose Prior to Event

Partial AE data set:

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18NOV2015:08:10:00	18NOV2015:08:10:00	5	1
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1	2	AETERM2	13NOV2015:08:12:59	11NOV2015:08:01:00	2
1	3	AETERM2	19NOV2015:06:00:59	18NOV2015:08:10:00	5



# Finding the Date of the Last Dose Prior to Event



Partial AE data set:

SUBJID	AESEQ	AETERM	AESTDTN
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1	2	AETERM2	13NOV2015:08:12:59	11NOV2015:08:01:00	2
1	3	AETERM2	19NOV2015:06:00:59	18NOV2015:08:10:00	5
1	4	AETERM3	07DEC2015:14:18:59	02DEC2015:08:03:00	7

# Applying Arrays to Find the Date of the Last Dose Prior to Event: one-dimensional Array Method



```
proc transpose data=ex out=tex prefix=dt;
```

```
  var exendtn;
```

```
  by sbjid;
```

```
run;
```

```
data _null_;
```

```
set tex;
```

```
  array doses{*} dt: ;
```

```
  call symputx('n_doses', dim(doses));
```

```
run;
```

```
data last_dose;
```

```
merge ae (in=inAE) tex;
```

```
by sbjid;
```

```
if inAE;
```

```
array doses{&n_doses.} dt: ;
```

```
array diffs{&n_doses.};
```

```
do i=1 to dim(doses);
```

```
  if aestdtn ne . and doses{i} ne . then diffs{i}=aestdtn-doses{i};
```

```
  if diffs{i} >=0 then min_value=min(min_value, diffs{i});
```

```
end;
```

```
if min_value ne . then aemdtn=doses{whichn(min_value, of diffs{*)}};
```

```
format aemdtn datetime20.;
```

```
keep sbjid aeseq aeterm aestdtn aemdtn;
```

```
run;
```

# Applying Arrays to Find the Date of the Last Dose Prior to Event: two-dimensional Array Method

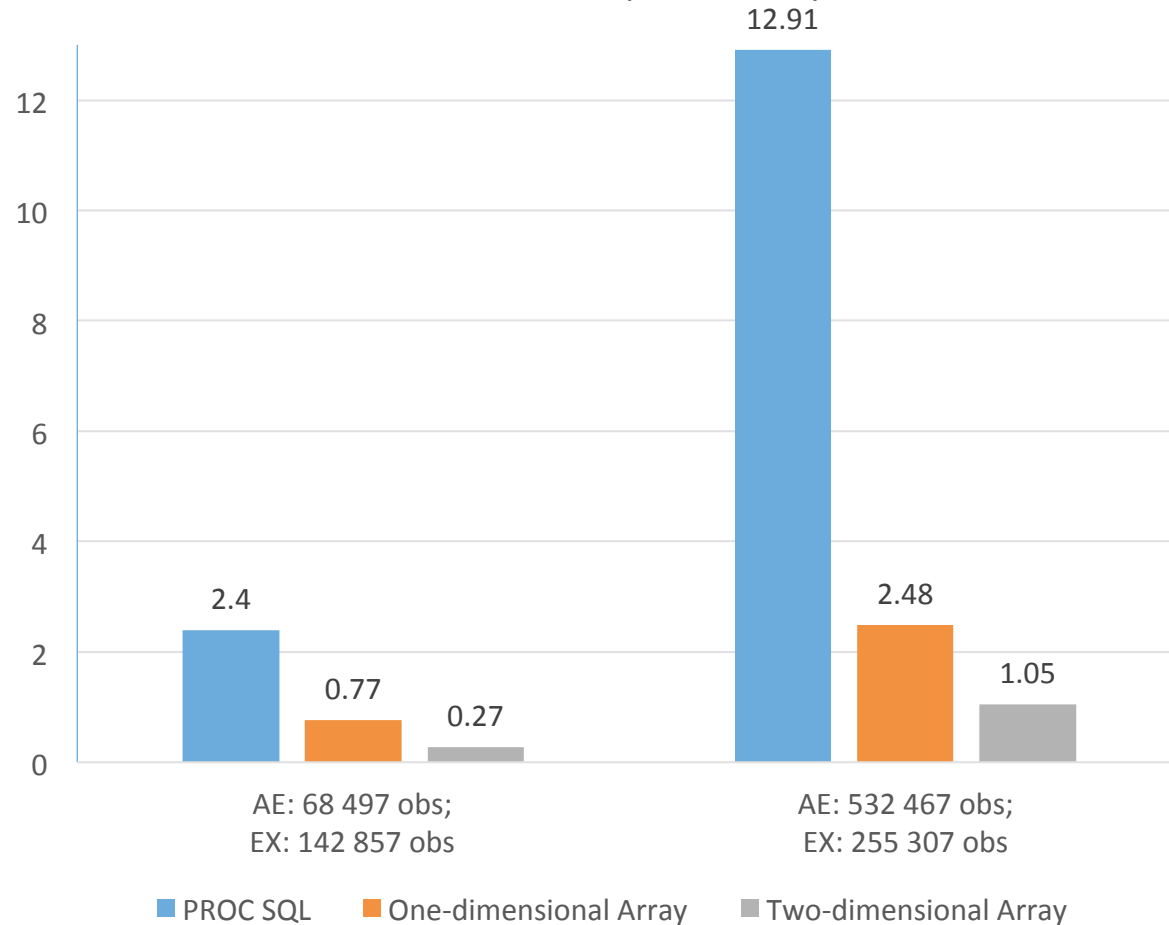


```
data _null_;
  set ex end=last;
  retain min_sbj max_sbj dim_ex;
  dim_ex=max(dim_ex, exseq);
  min_sbj=min(min_sbj, sbjid);
  max_sbj=max(max_sbj, sbjid);
  if last then do;
    call symputx('n_doses', dim_ex);
    call symputx('l_sbj', min_sbj);
    call symputx('h_sbj', max_sbj);
  end;
run;
data last_dose;
  array sbj_dt{&l_sbj. : &h_sbj., &n_doses.} _temporary_;
  if _n_=1 then do until(exDone);
    set ex end=exDone;
    sbj_dt{sbjid,exseq}=exendtn;
  end;
  set ae;
  array diffs{&n_doses.};
  do j=1 to dim(diffs);
    if aestdtn ne . and sbj_dt{sbjid, j} ne . then diffs{j}=sum(aestdtn, -sbj_dt{sbjid, j});
    if diffs{j}>=0 then min_value=min(min_value, diffs{j});
  end;
  if min_value ne . then aemdtn=sbj_dt{sbjid, whichn(min_value, of diffs{*})};
run;
```

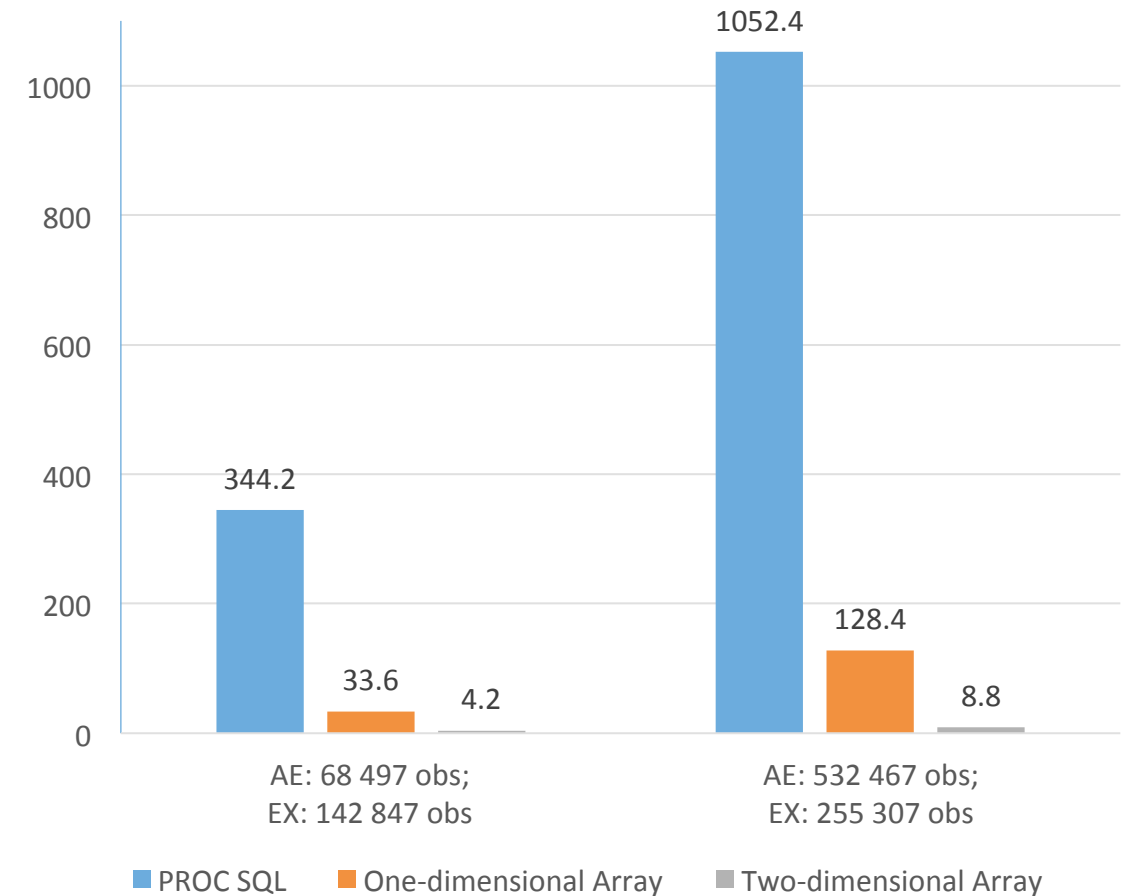
# Comparison of Methods



### CPU Time (seconds)



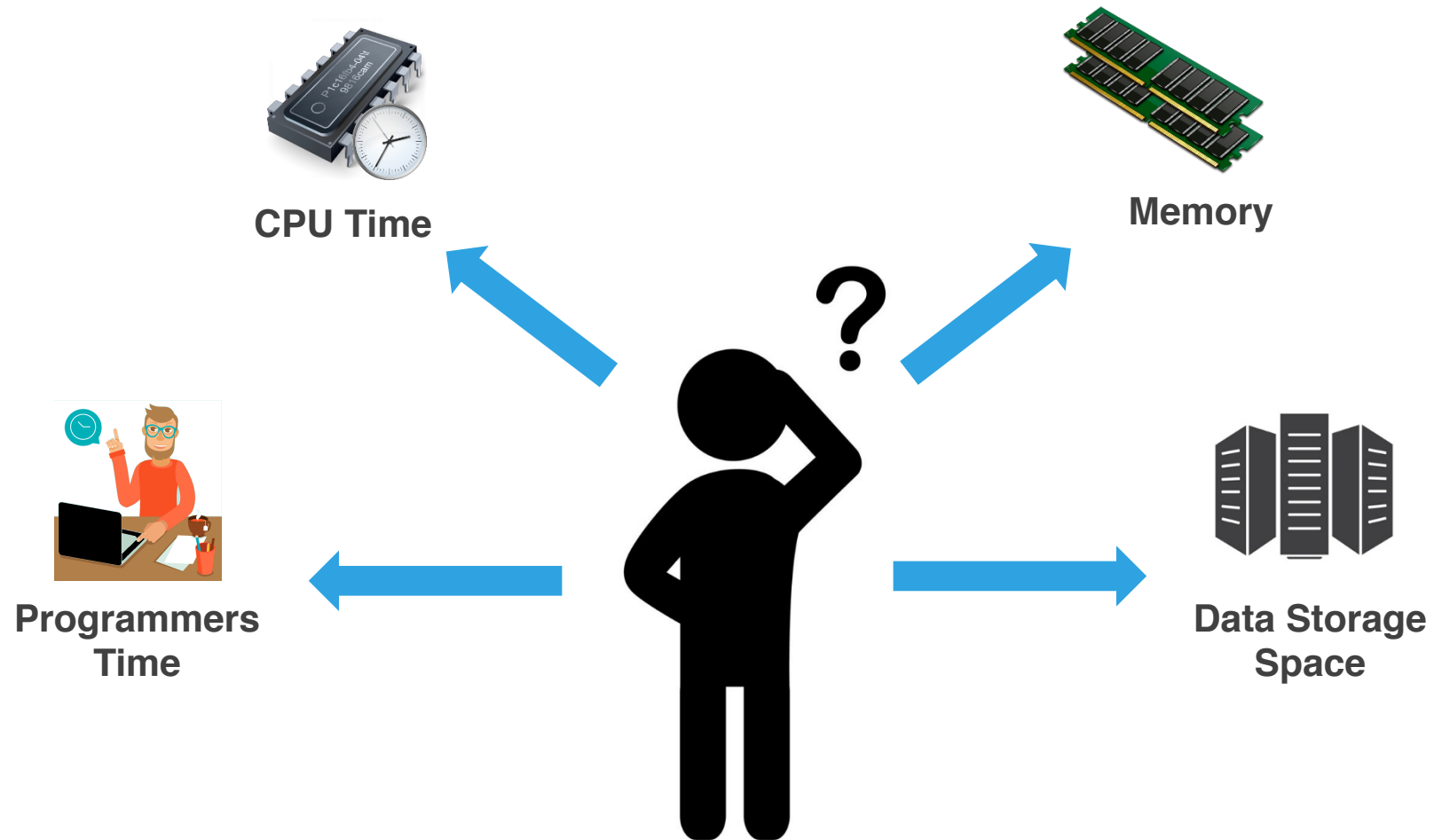
### Memory Usage (MB)



Note: The examples were tested using SAS 9.4 on a multiple-user UNIX server.

# Conclusion

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**Thank you for your attention!**

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Name: Vladyslav Khudov

Company: Experis Clinical

Address: 43/2 Gagarin Avenue

City / Postcode: Ukraine, Kharkiv, 61001

Work Phone: +38 044 500 7020 ext. 2428

Fax: +38 057 728 30 35

Email: [vladyslav.khudov@intego-group.com](mailto:vladyslav.khudov@intego-group.com)